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10/646,008	08/22/2003	Sung-Jae Moon	PNK-0048	8963
23413 CANTOR COL	7590 10/28/200 LBURN, LLP	EXAMINER		
20 Church Stree 22nd Floor		NGUYEN, HOAN C		
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			10/28/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

usptopatentmail@cantorcolburn.com

Office Action Summary		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/646,	008	MOON, SUNG-JA	MOON, SUNG-JAE			
		Examin	ər	Art Unit				
			. NGUYEN	2871				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic r Reply	ation appears on t	he cover sheet wit	h the correspondence ac	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA asions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply with the set or extended period for reply wi	ILING DATE OF 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ication. tory period will apply and II, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNIC event, however, may a re will expire SIX (6) MONT pplication to become ABA	CATION. ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this of the company of	•			
Status								
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 02 Sentember	. 2008					
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3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
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Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-5,7-10,13-15,18-22 and 26	<u>-33</u> is/are pending	in the application	٦.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-10,13-15,18-22 and 26-33</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the	Evaminor						
-	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a		a) abjected to h	v the Evaminer				
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44)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	•			, ,			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/02/2008</u> .	D-948)	Paper No(s)	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application _·				

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 09/02/2008 has been entered.

Claims 6, 11-12, 16-17, 23-25 are cancelled. Claims 1-5, 7-10, 13-15, 18-22, 26-33 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 14, 27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

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The independent claim 1 cites "a first driving signal wire 153b transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines..." and the independent claim 14 "shorting bar 320 connected the first driving signal wire".

However, Fig. 3A shows that a shorting bar 320 intersecting also with the gate lines and the first/second signal wires. How do driving signals transmit with the shorting bar 320? The LCD cannot operate with shorting bar.

The independent claim 27 cites "a first driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines" and the dependent claim 30 cites "a shorting bar 320 intersecting the data lines and the first driving signal line". However, Fig. 3A shows that a shorting bar 320 intersecting also with the gate lines and the first/second signal wires. How does the first test signal transmit with the shorting bar 320? The LCD cannot operate with shorting bar.

Therefore, LCD is operable only after the shorting bar is cut. The operating LCD cannot include the shorting bar.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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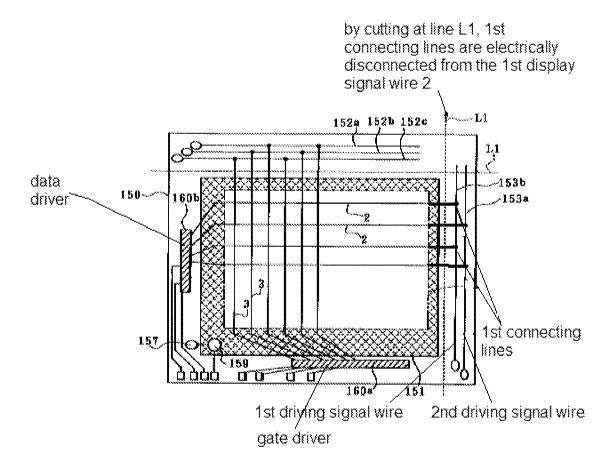
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1. Claims 1, 7-10, 13, 15, 18-22 and 26-29 and 31-33 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nagata et al. (US006172410B1).

Nagata et al. teach (Fig. 17) a liquid crystal display device comprising:



Claim 1:

- a liquid crystal panel including
 - o a first display signal wire having a plurality of a first display signal lines 2,
 - a second signal wire having a plurality of a second display signal lines 3
 that cross the first display signal lines,

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a plurality of switching elements (inherence for active matrix display) each
of which is connected to both of one of the first display signal lines and
one of the second display signal lines, and

- o pixel electrodes inherently connected to the switching elements;
- a first driving signal wire 153b transmitting driving signals (an inspection scanning signal) from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines 2, wherein the first driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements (inherence for active matrix display), and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad connected thereto at first end thereof and a second pad connected thereto at a second end thereof;
- a plurality of first connecting lines disposed between the first driving signal wire
 and a part of the first display signal wire 2, and connected to at least one of the
 first driving signal wire and the part of the first display signal wire.

wherein the first connecting lines are electrically disconnected from the part of the first display signal wire after cutting at the cutting line L1.

Claim 7:

 a second driving signal wire 153a transmitting driving signals for the first display signal lines 2, wherein the second driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a second pad connected thereto at its near end.

Claim 26:

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• a second driving signal wire 153a transmitting driving signals from an outside of

the display panel to the first display signal lines 2, wherein the second driving

signal wire 153a is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the

switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a second pad

connected thereto at its near end.

wherein

Claim 8:

• a distance between the first driving signal wire 153b and the first display signal

wire 3 is smaller than a distance between the second driving signal wire 153a

and the first display signal wire 2.

Claim 9:

a plurality of second connecting lines disposed between the second driving signal

wire 153a and at least another part of the first display signal wire 2, connected

to at least one of the second driving signal wire 153a and the another part of the

first display signal wire 2, wherein the second connected lines are electrically

disconnected from the another part of the first display signal wire 2.

<u>Claim 10</u>:

• the first and second connecting lines are alternately disposed.

<u>Claim 13</u>:

• the first connecting line is electrically connected to the first display signal wire 2

and the first driving signal wire

Claim 15:

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 the first driving signal wire further comprises a plurality of second pads connected at connections thereto at its intermediate portion.

Claim 18:

• the first driving signal wire extends to an edge of the panel.

Claim 19:

 the first display signal wire 153b transmits gate signals for inherently turning on and off the switching elements, and the second display signal wire transmits data signals for the pixel electrodes applied through the switching elements.

<u>Claim 20</u>:

• the first driving signal wire transmits a gate-off voltage or a ground voltage.

Claim 21:

 the first display signal wire transmits data signals for the pixel electrodes, and the second display signal wire controls turning on and off of the switching elements such that the transmission of the data signals to the pixel electrodes is controlled.

Claim 22:

 the first driving signal wire transmits gray voltages, a clock signal, or a driving voltage (an inspection scanning signal) to the drivers.

Claim 27:

- a substrate;
- a gate driver 160a disposed on the substrate;
- a plurality of gate lines 3 electrically connected to the gate driver;

 a plurality of data lines 2 disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of gate lines;

- a plurality of switching elements (inherence), each switching element being connected to at least one gate line and at least one data line; and
- a plurality of pixel electrodes (inherence), each pixel electrode being connected
 to at least one switching element; and a first driving signal line configured to
 transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver
 and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting
 lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines,

wherein each first connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the first driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of gate lines.

Claim 28:

the gate driver is an integrated chip or COG (Chip on Glass)

<u>Claim 29</u>: the plurality of first connecting lines is configured to be severable along a single linear cutting path along L1.

Claim 31:

a second driving signal wire configured to transmit driving signals from an outside
of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a second
test signal via a plurality of second connecting lines to at least one of the plurality
of gate lines,

wherein each second connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the second driving signal wire and at least one of the plurality of gate lines, the second

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driving signal wire is disposed between the first driving signal wire and the plurality of

gate lines, and the first connecting lines are longer than the second connecting lines

Claim 32:

a substrate;

• a gate driver disposed on the substrate

a plurality of gate lines electrically connected to the gate driver;

• a plurality of data lines disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of

gate lines;

a plurality of switching elements, each switching element being connected to at

least one gate line and at least one data line; and

a plurality of pixel electrodes, each pixel electrode being connected to at least

one switching element;

a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the

display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a test signal via a

plurality of connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines,

wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal

line and the at least one of the plurality of gate lines, and the driving signal line and the

connecting lines are disposed at substantially the same cross-sectional height from the

substrate.

<u>Claim 33</u>:

a substrate;

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 a gate driver disposed on the substrate a plurality of data lines disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of gate lines;

- a data driver electrically connected to the plurality of data lines;
- a plurality of switching elements, each switching element being connected to at least one gate line and at least one data line; and a plurality of pixel electrodes,
- each pixel electrode being connected to at least one switching element; a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to at least one of the plurality of data lines and the data driver; and
- a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5, 7-10, 13, 15, 18-19, 20-22, 26-29 and 31-33 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kim et al. (US6636288B2).

Kim et al. teach (Fig. 1) a liquid crystal display device comprising:

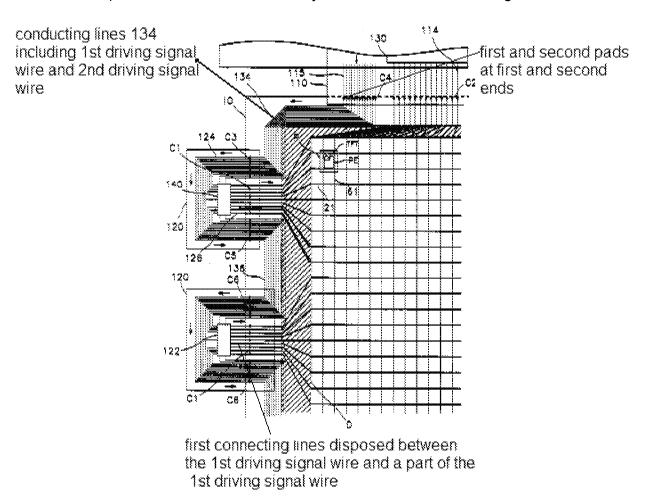
Claim 1:

- a liquid crystal panel including
 - o a first display signal wire having a plurality of a first display signal lines 21,
 - a second signal wire having a plurality of a second display signal lines 61
 that cross the first display signal lines,

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 a plurality of switching elements TFT each of which is connected to both of one of the first display signal lines and one of the second display signal lines, and

o pixel electrodes PE inherently connected to the switching elements;



 a first driving signal wire 134 transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines 21, wherein the first driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching

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elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad C4 connected thereto at a first end and second pad C4 thereto at a second end thereof;

a plurality of first connecting lines (between the chip 120/122 and the contact C1)
 at disposed between the first driving signal wire and <u>a part</u> of the first display
 signal wire 21, and connected to at least one of the first driving signal wire and
 the part of the first display signal wire.

wherein the first connecting lines are electrically disconnected from the part of the first display signal wire before contact at C1

Claim 7:

 a second driving signal wire transmitting driving signals 134 for the first display signal lines 21, wherein the second driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a second pad connected thereto at its near end.

Claim 26:

a second driving signal wire 134 transmitting driving signals from an outside of
the display panel to the first display signal lines 21, wherein the second driving
signal wire 134 is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the
switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a second pad
connected thereto at its near end.

Wherein

Claims 2-4:

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a plurality of drivers respectively connected to the first driving signal wire,
 wherein each of the drivers is in the form of a chip and each of the drivers is

formed on the liquid crystal panel.

Claim 5:

• each of the drivers is directly connected to the first driving signal wire.

Claim 8:

• a distance between the first driving signal wire 134 (inside) and the first display

signal wire 21 is smaller than a distance between the second driving signal wire

134 (outside) and the first display signal wire 21.

Claim 9:

• a plurality of second connecting lines disposed between the second driving signal

wire 134 and at least another part of the first display signal wire 21, connected

to at least one of the second driving signal wire 134 and the another part of the

first display signal wire 21, wherein the second connected lines are electrically

disconnected from the another part of the first display signal wire 21.

<u>Claim 10</u>:

• the first and second connecting lines are alternately disposed.

Claim 13:

the first connecting line is electrically connected to the first display signal wire 21

and the first driving signal wire

Claim 15:

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• the first driving signal wire further comprises a plurality of second pads

connected <u>at connections</u> thereto at its intermediate portion.

<u>Claim 18</u>:

• the first driving signal wire extends to an edge of the panel.

Claim 19:

the first display signal wire 134 transmits gate signals for inherently turning on

and off the switching elements, and the second display signal wire transmits

data signals for the pixel electrodes applied through the switching elements.

Claim 20:

• the first display signal wire 134 inherently transmits a ground voltage or power

supply to IC 140.

Claims 21-22:

• the first display signal wire transmits data signals for the pixel electrodes, and the

second display signal wire controls inherently turning on and off of the switching

elements such that the transmission of the data signals to the pixel electrodes is

controlled, wherein the first driving signal wire transmits gray voltages, a clock

signal, or a driving voltage to the drivers.

<u>Claim 27</u>:

a substrate;

a gate driver 160a disposed on the substrate;

a plurality of gate lines 3 electrically connected to the gate driver;

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 a plurality of data lines 2 disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of gate lines;

- a plurality of switching elements (inherence), each switching element being connected to at least one gate line and at least one data line; and
- a plurality of pixel electrodes (inherence), each pixel electrode being connected
 to at least one switching element; and a first driving signal line configured to
 transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver
 and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting
 lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines,

wherein each first connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the first driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of gate lines.

Claim 28:

the gate driver is an integrated chip.

Claim 29:

 the plurality of first connecting lines is configured to be severable along a single linear cutting path along L1.

Claim 31:

a second driving signal wire configured to transmit driving signals from an outside
of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a second
test signal via a plurality of second connecting lines to at least one of the plurality
of gate lines,

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wherein each second connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the second driving signal wire and at least one of the plurality of gate lines, the second driving signal wire is disposed between the first driving signal wire and the plurality of gate lines, and the first connecting lines are longer than the second connecting lines Claim 32:

- a substrate;
- a gate driver disposed on the substrate
- a plurality of gate lines electrically connected to the gate driver;
- a plurality of data lines disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of gate lines;
- a plurality of switching elements, each switching element being connected to at least one gate line and at least one data line; and
- a plurality of pixel electrodes, each pixel electrode being connected to at least one switching element;
- a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a test signal via a plurality of connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines,

wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and the at least one of the plurality of gate lines, and the driving signal line and the connecting lines are disposed at substantially the same cross-sectional height from the substrate.

Claim 33:

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a substrate;

 a gate driver disposed on the substrate a plurality of data lines disposed substantially perpendicular to the plurality of gate lines;

- a data driver electrically connected to the plurality of data lines;
- a plurality of switching elements, each switching element being connected to at least one gate line and at least one data line; and a plurality of pixel electrodes,
- each pixel electrode being connected to at least one switching element; a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to at least one of the plurality of data lines and the data driver; and
- a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagata et al. (US006172410B1) (or Kim et al. (US6636288B2)) as applied to claims in view of Nishiki et al. (US6111620A).

Nagata et al. (or Kim et al.) fail to disclose a liquid crystal display device comprising a shorting bar intersecting the data lines and the first driving signal line,

wherein the shorting bar is configured to be removed by edge grinding along a cutting line.

Nishiki et al. teach (Fig. 1) a liquid crystal display device comprising a shorting bar intersecting the data lines and the first driving signal line, wherein the shorting bar 8 is configured to be removed by edge grinding along a cutting line for detecting leakage defects among the gate wires and those among the data wires, correct the revealed defects, and confirm the corrections easier at a low cost.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify a liquid crystal display device as Makinouchi disclosed with a shorting bar intersecting the data lines and the first driving signal line, wherein the shorting bar 8 is configured to be removed by edge grinding along a cutting line for detecting leakage defects among the gate wires and those among the data wires, correct the revealed defects, and confirm the corrections easier at a low cost. (abstract) as Nishiki et al. taught.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 09/02/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's ONLY arguments are follows:

(1) Nagata does not disclose: a first driving signal wire transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines, wherein the first

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driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad connected thereto at a first end thereof and a second pad connected thereto at a second end thereof as claimed in amended independent claim 1 of the present invention.

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- (2) Nagata does not disclose: a first driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines as claimed in independent claim 27 of the present invention.
- (3) Nagata does not disclose: wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and the at least one of the plurality of gate lines, and the driving signal line and the connecting lines are disposed at substantially the same cross-sectional height from the substrate as claimed in independent claim 32 of the present invention.
- (4) Nagata does not disclose: a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to at least one of the plurality of data lines and the data driver; and a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines as claimed in independent claim 33 of the present invention.
- (5) Kim does not disclose: a first driving signal wire transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines, wherein the first driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad connected thereto at a first

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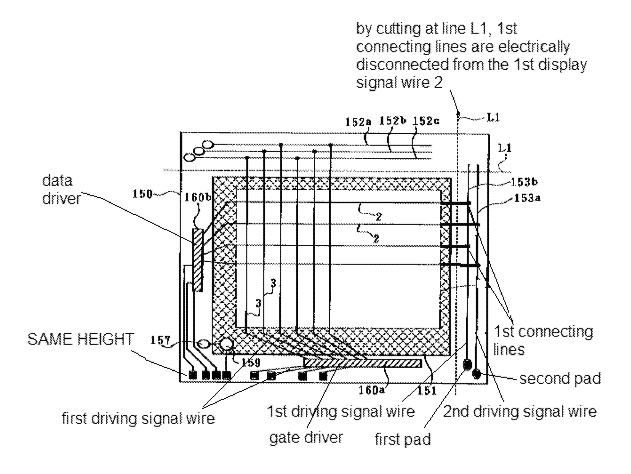
end thereof and a second pad connected thereto at a second end thereof as claimed in amended independent claim 1.

- (6) Kim does not disclose: a first driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines as claimed in independent claim 27 of the present invention.
- (7) Kim does not disclose: wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and the at least one of the plurality of gate lines, and the driving signal line and the connecting lines are disposed at substantially the same cross- sectional height from the substrate as claimed in independent claim 32 of the present.
- (8) Kim does not disclose: a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to at least one of the plurality of data lines and the data driver; and a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines as claimed in independent claim 33 of the present invention.

Examiner's responses to Applicants' ONLY arguments are follows:

(1) Nagata discloses: a first driving signal wire transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines, wherein the first driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires, the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad connected thereto at a first

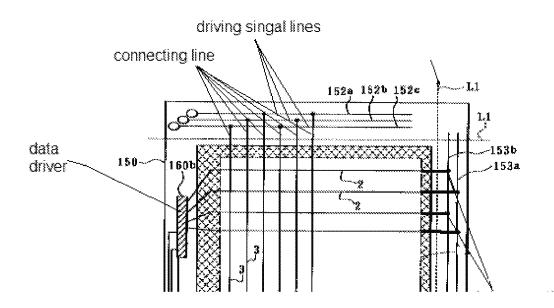
end thereof and a second pad connected thereto at a second end thereof as claimed in amended independent claim 1 of the present invention as following Figure:



- (2) Nagata discloses: a first driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines as claimed in independent claim 27 of the present invention as above Figure.
- (3) Nagata discloses: wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and the at least one of the plurality of gate lines, and the driving signal line and the connecting lines are disposed at substantially the

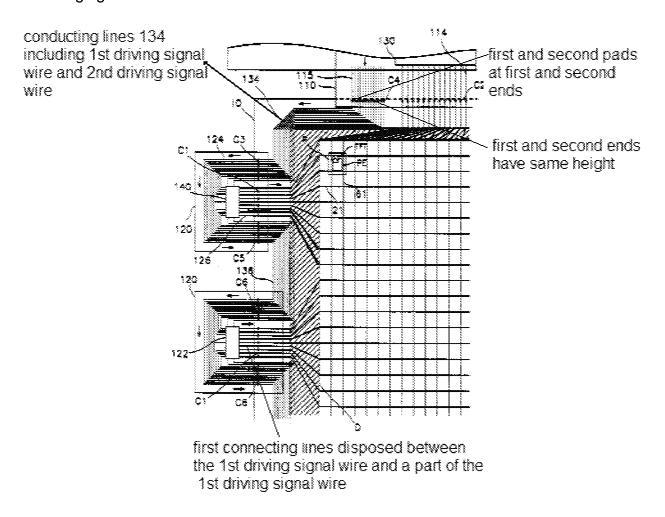
same cross-sectional height from the substrate as claimed in independent claim 32 of the present invention as ABOVE Figure.

(4) Nagata discloses: a driving signal line 152a/b/c configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel to at least one of the plurality of data lines 3 and the data driver 160b; and a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines as claimed in independent claim 33 of the present invention as below Figure:



(5) Kim discloses: a first driving signal wire (one of 134) transmitting driving signals from an outside of the display panel to the first display signal lines (from circuit board 100), wherein the first driving signal wire is separated from the first and second display signal wires (another one of 134), the switching elements, and the pixel electrodes, and includes a first pad connected thereto at a first end thereof and a second pad connected

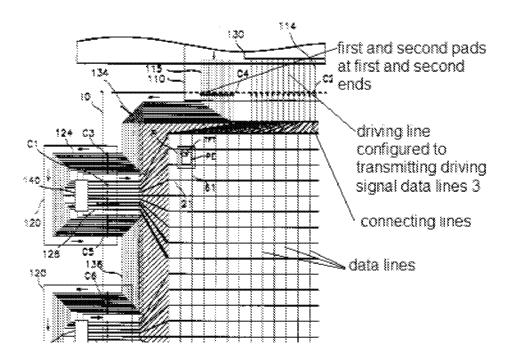
thereto at a second end thereof as claimed in amended independent claim 1 as the following figure:



- (6) Kim discloses: a first driving signal line (one of 134) configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel (from circuit board 100) to the gate driver and also configured to transmit a first test signal via a plurality of first connecting lines to at least one of the plurality of gate lines as claimed in independent claim 27 of the present invention as shown in above figure.
- (7) Kim discloses: wherein each connecting line is disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line (one of 134) and the at least one of the plurality of

gate lines, and the driving signal line and the connecting lines are disposed at substantially the same cross-sectional height from the substrate as claimed in independent claim 32 of the present as shown in above figure.

(8) Kim discloses: a driving signal line configured to transmit driving signals from an outside of the display panel (from circuit board 100) to at least one of the plurality of data lines and the data driver; and a plurality of connecting lines, each connecting line being disposed between, and connected to, the driving signal line and at least one of the plurality of data lines as claimed in independent claim 33 of the present invention as below figure:



Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HOAN C. NGUYEN whose telephone number is

(571)272-2296. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-

THURSDAY:8:00AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Nelms can be reached on (571) 272-1787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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HOAN C. NGUYEN Examiner Art Unit 2871

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/David Nelms/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2871